

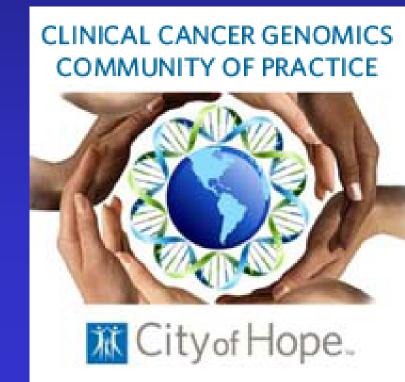
The City of Hope Intensive Course and Clinical Cancer Genomics Community of Practice: multimodal professional development for community clinicians

## A Team Sport

ISCC, Bethesda, 01/14/16

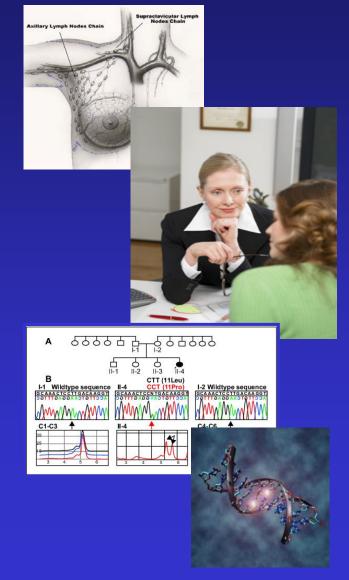
Jeffrey N. Weitzel, M.D.

Kathleen R. Blazer, EdD, CGC Associate Director, Cancer Genomics Education Program



### Introduction

- Genetic cancer risk assessment (GCRA) is a standard of care specialty practice that uses genetic/genomic information to
  - Identify individuals and families with inherited cancer risk
  - Prescribe high-risk screening, preventive care and targeted therapies
- Market forces and advances in genetic technologies are fueling demand for providers with GCRA training
- Patients in community care settings have limited/no access to cancer genetics services and research resources



# How have we learned cancer genetics practice in the past? "The hard way"

- Self-directed studies
- Hands on experience
- Gleaning the literature
- Formal fellowship training
   (Medical Oncology, Clinical Genetics, ? Both)

# City of Hope Division of Clinical Cancer Genetics Established in 1996

### Dedicated to Standards of Excellence in Cancer Genetics

- Patient Care
- Research
- Education and Training

### Outsmart Cancer

Cancer Screening & Prevention Program™



### Funded Educational Initiatives

PI	Grant Number Title	Start and End dates	Target Populations	Number of Participants
Weitzel	Maternal Child Health Bureau-Genetics Services- 1MCJ-0161020-01-0 Cancer Genetics Education for Primary Care Providers	1997-2000	Primary care physicians and allied health professionals in managed care organizations, to develop screening and referral level competence	2,800 participants <sup>1, 2</sup>
Weitzel	R25 CA75131 Cancer Genetics Education Program	1998-2007	Cancer center faculty, community oncologists, managed care administrators, underrepresented minority institutions	Full Day Conferences (N=10) 1,2 1,423 participants One hour seminars: 22,704 participants
Weitzel Blazer	California CRP#99-86874 R25 CA112486	2001-2003 2005-2010	Pilot Intensive Course Community-based physicians, genetic	532 Participants <sup>3</sup> >150 each:
	R25-CA171998-01A1 Intensive Course in Community-based Cancer Risk Counseling and Research	2012-2017	counselors, and master's nurses, to develop practitioner level competence in clinical cancer genetics	Genetic Counselors; APNs; Physicians Others: PA, PhD/Psych
Weitzel	R25 CA85771 Cancer Genetics Career Development Program	2001-2011	Oncology or genetics clinicians (physicians, genetic counselors, advanced practice nurses) to become translational researchers in cancer genetics	18 Participants 7 Physicians 4 Doctoral nurses 2 Master's level nurses 5 Genetic counselors

- 1. Blazer, K. R., Grant, M., Sand, S. R., MacDonald, D. J., Choi, J. J., Nedelcu, R. A., & Weitzel, J. N. (2002). *J Cancer Educ, 17*, 69-73.
- 2. Blazer, K. R., Grant, M., Sand, S. R., MacDonald, D. J., Uman, G. C., & Weitzel, J. N. (2004). *Journal of Medical Genetics*, 41(7), 518-522.
- 3. Blazer, K. R., MacDonald, D. J., Ricker, C., Sand, S., Uman, G. C., & Weitzel, J. N. (2005). Genetics in Medicine, 7(1), 40-47.
- 4. Blazer, K. R., MacDonald, D. J., Justus, K. A., Grant, M., Azen, S. P., Chamberlain, R. M., Petersen, G. M., King, M., & Weitzel, J., *J. Cancer Educ*.
- 5. Blazer, K., MacDonald, D., Culver, J. et. al. (2011). Personalized cancer genetics training for personalized medicine. *Genet Med,* 13(9), 832-840.
- 6. Blazer, K. R., C. Christie, et al. (2012). Impact of Web-based Case Conferencing on Cancer Genetics Training Outcomes for Community-based Clinicians. Jnl. Cancer Education 27(2): 217-225.

### Cancer Genetics Education Program Components/Goals

Dept. of Nursing
Research & Education
M. Grant
B. Ferrell

#### **Advisory Committee**

Multidisciplinary intra/extramural professionals

Beckman Research Institute Graduate School of Biological Sciences

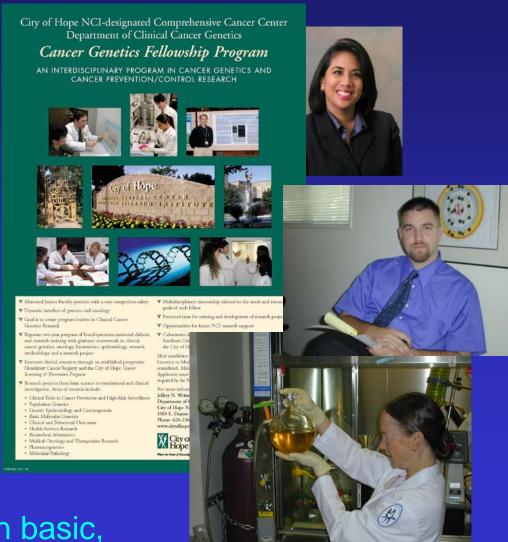
USC Dept of Preventive Medicine Claremont Graduate University Global H.

**Department of Clinical Cancer Genetics** Cancer Screening & Prevention **Cancer Genetics Program - Community Laboratory Education Program Cancer Genetics Cancer Genetics** CME For Primary and Community-**Career Development** Care/Specialty based Research **Program (NCI-R25T) Practitioners** Course (NCI-R25E) (NCI-R25E) Cancer Genetics Research Practitioner-level Screening-level **Program Leaders** competence competence

### Cancer Genetics Career Development Program

Initially awarded February 2001 (NCI R25T CA85771) - competing continuation funded through 2011

Purpose: To provide interdisciplinary clinical, didactic and collaborative research training in cancer genetics and prevention Target Audience: Physicians and doctoral nurses with oncology or genetics credentials and academic career potential



Goal: To develop program leaders in basic, translational and clinical cancer genetics research



### **Community Cancer Genomics and Research Training**

### **Objectives**

- To train master's-level genetic counselors, advanced practice nurses and physicians for practitioner-level competency in GCRA and research collaboration essentials through an intensive CME/CEU-accredited (>100 hrs) cancer genomics training course
- To increase access to competent GCRA services and promote community-based research participation

# Outcomes from intensive training in genetic cancer risk counseling for clinicians

Kathleen R. Blazer, MS, CGC<sup>1</sup>, Deborah J. MacDonald, RN, MS, APNG<sup>1</sup>, Chartte Ricker, MS, CGC<sup>1</sup>, Sharon Sand, CCRP<sup>1,2</sup>, Gwen C. Uman, RN, PhD<sup>3</sup>, and Jeffrey N. Wettzel, MD<sup>1</sup>

#### Didactic lectures, case working conferences and all day seminars:

	Intensive course topic domains and curriculum modules		
Topic domain	Carriculum modules		
Genetics	Basic Genetics		
	The Science of Cancer Genetics		
	Documenting the Family Cancer History		
	Genetic Testing Methods for Inherited Cancer Susceptibilities		
	Molecular Genetics Wet Lab	Hereditary cancer syndromes	Hereditary Breast/Ovarian Cancer Syndromes
	Understanding Variants of Uncertain Significance		Hereditary Gastro-Intestinal Cancer Syndromes
Oncology	Basic Clinical Oncology		Hereditary Endocrine Neoplasia Syndromes
	Cancer Cytogenetics Staging Schema for Solid Tumors		Genodermatoses
	Principles/Toxicities of Cancer Therapy		Gentlourinary Cancer Syndromes
Cancer risk counsiling skills developmen			Pediatric Cancer and Rare Syndromes
assessment	Pundamentals of the Cancer Risk Counseling Session	Special clinical and educational training and resources	COG Working Group (Interdisciplinary case conference)
	Ethical, Legal, and Social Issues in Cancer Genetics		Clinical Breast Exam, Breast Self Exam Course
	Breast/Ovarian Cancer Risk Assessment		Topics in Cancer Genetics Research (Journal Chib)
	Gastro-Intestinal Cancer Risk Assessment		Genetics Link Web board
	Mock Cancer Risk Assessment Counseling Session		"Advances in Cancer Screening and Prevention: Practical
	Practice Counseling Sessions		Applications Across the Pull Spectrum of Risk"
	ELSI Workshop and Case Presentations		"Gastrointestinal Cancers: Critical Advances in Risk Assessment, Screening and Management"
	Establishing a Cancer Risk Assessment Clinic Patients' Perspectives	_	"Issues in Women's Healthcare: Cancer, Genetics and the Hormone Controversy"

#### Intensive Course in Community Cancer Genetics and Research Training Schema Delivery, Outcomes Assessment and Continued Professional Development

### Multimodal Curricular and Training Activities (distance didactics, face-to-face training, professional development, case-based support)

#### **Course Orientation** (via Web conference)

- Participant/faculty introductions
- Curriculum/technical overview

#### **Two Months Distance-mediated Didactics**

#### 27 Core Curriculum Modules

Phase

2

Phase

3 to 4 one-hour lectures per week (via Webdownload or CD-ROM)

#### Weekly Review Sessions

Q&A / evidence-based updates (via Web download & discussion

#### board)

#### Five Days Face-to-face Training

21 Case-based practice development workshops (at City of Hope campus)

#### 12 Months Prescribed Professional Development Activities

Group
Web conference

Topics in CCG Research Web conference

Cancer Genetics Link Discussion board

Distance-mediated Interdisciplinary Activities
Clinical Cancer Genetics Community of
Practice

#### Multidisciplinary Participants

Cancer Screening & Prevention Program Network clinical & research affiliates

Course alumni in community practices (U.S. & International)

City of Hope / extramural clinical & research faculty

#### Outcomes Assessments and Learning Evaluations

(knowledge, skills, professional self-efficacy, practice change)

#### **Baseline Data Collection**

Application (Level 1)
Knowledge test (Levels 3A/B)
Professional self-efficacy survey (Level 4)
Professional practice survey (Level 5)
Case Scenario #1 (Level 4)

#### Weekly Phase 1 Data Collection

Post-module knowledge tests (Levels 3A/B)
Post-module evaluations (Level 1)

#### Post Phase 2 Data Collection

Professional self-efficacy survey
Case Scenario #2 (Level 4)
Roundtable discussion session (Level 1)
Knowledge test (Levels 3A/B)
Course evaluation (Level 1)

#### Post Phase 3 Data Collection

Professional self-efficacy survey (Level 4)
Professional Practice Survey (Level 5)
Activities Tracking (Level 5)

Enduring Practice-centered Professional Development

### Expanded CME Outcomes Assessment \*

LEVEL 1
Participation

LEVEL 2 Satisfaction

LEVEL 3A Declarative Knowledge (Knows)

LEVEL 3B
Procedural Knowledge
(Knows how)

LEVEL 4
Competence
(Shows How)

LEVEL 5
Performance
(Does)

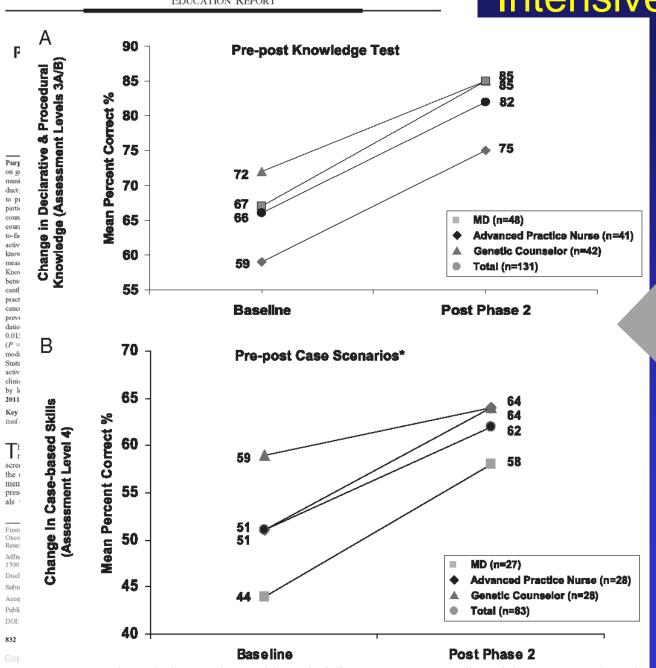
LEVEL 6
Patient Health

LEVEL 7
Community Health

\*Adapted from Moore, et al. (2009)

Blazer, KR et al. Genetics in Medicine; 2011

### Intensive Course Outcomes



Expanded CME
Outcomes
Assessment \*

LEVEL 1
Participation

LEVEL 2
Satisfaction

LEVEL 3A

Declarative

Knowledge (Knows)

LEVEL 3B
Procedural
Knowledge
(Knows how)

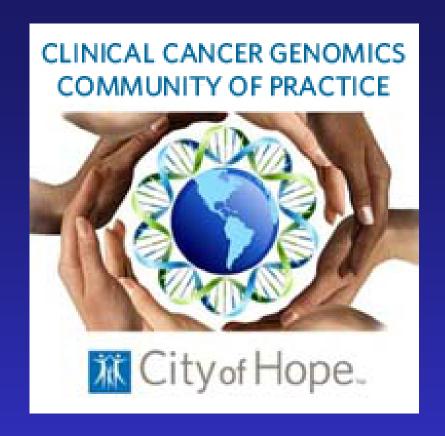
LEVEL 4
Competence
(Shows How)

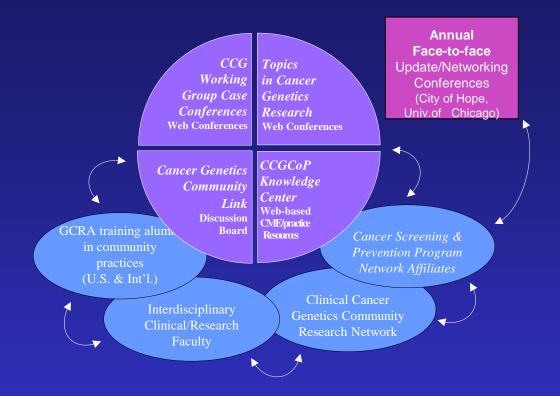
LEVEL 5\*
Performance
(Practice Change)

Pilot Phase LEVEL 6
Patient Health
(Records; Report)

LEVEL 7
Community Health

Intensive Course/Clinical Cancer Genetics Community of Practice Alumni through Winter 2015 16 6 11 2 6 6 9 7 8 2 **10 532 Participants 15** 31 2 representing 48 88 3 states and 19 4 4 13 countries 9 59 International 2 13 9 **Participants:** 1 7 9 3 Argentina- 2 Peru-4 24 Brazil- 15 Philippines- 1 Canada- 3 Puerto Rico- 2 26 Chile- 4 Spain 1 Colombia - 6 Saudi Arabia-1 Germany- 1 Taiwan-1 Hong Kong -2 Trinidad-1 Hungary-1 Turkey- 1 India-1 Uruguay- 1 Mexico- 10 Nigeria-1





- Community of practice Central construct of situated learning (Lave and Wenger 1991)
- Defined by a commitment to explore, co-generate knowledge and build relationships toward a "...shared practice, which directly affects the behaviors and abilities of its members." (Wenger, et al., 2002)

The essence of the community of practice is its members, who are connected by common learning and professional development goals

### Clinical Cancer Genetics Working Group Bridging Quality Care and Research



**GCRA Delivery Method** 

**Quality Assurance** 

**GCRA Research** 

GCRA with cancer risk counselor alone

Initial GCRA with genetic counselor; MD seen on follow up visit

Initial and follow-up
GCRA with genetics
team (genetic

Weekly Clinical Cancer Genetics Working Group

(Multidisciplinary team: medical and surgical oncologists, clinical geneticist, molecular geneticist, cancer risk counselors, clinical research associates)

Strategies for risk assessment Recommendations for Surveillance and Risk

Identify clinically relevant research themes

Health services, clinical and behavioral outcomes research

Enrollment in clinical cancer prevention

- A CME-accredited Web-based forum for interdisciplinary review of GCRA cases
- Conducted every Wednesday 10:00-11:30 am PST
- Resources
  - Working Group Essentials Toolkit
  - Working Group Discussion Board
  - Recorded Sessions Archived (Streaming Media)

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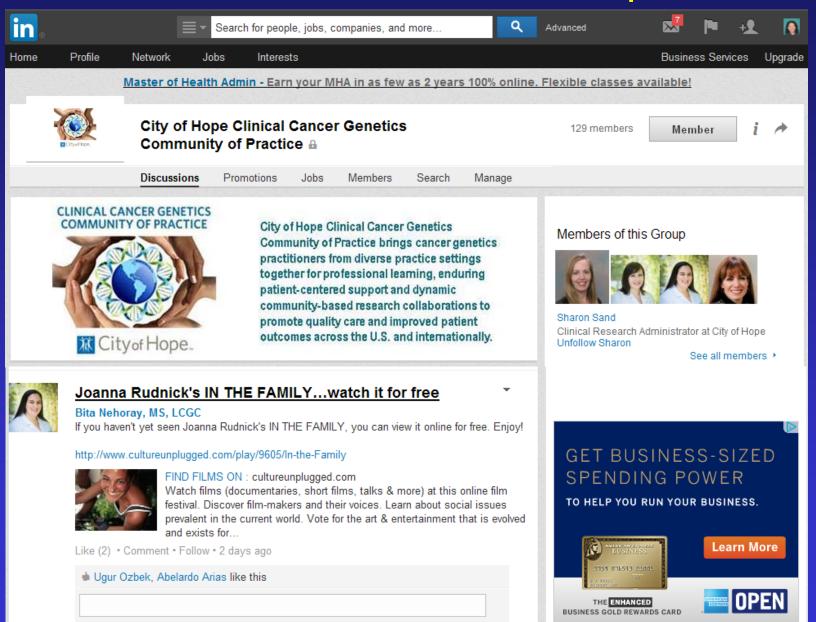
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- Case conferencing helped participants identify their unique GCRA knowledge and skills gaps
- Deeper knowledge and skills needs reflected complex GCRA competencies
- Many gaps
   congruent with new
   knowledge identified
   (Finding #1)

Knowledge/Skills Domain	Frequencya	Knowledge Gap Identified by Participant
Cancer Genetics/ Recognizing Features of Hereditary Cancer	98	"I need to be much more familiar with criteria for Cowden and other syndromes and to apply them in my practice." –MD Participant
Interpreting Genetic Test Results	89	"I need to learn more about what positive/ negative/ uninformative [test] results mean for the patient and the family." –APN Participant
Documenting; Verifying Cancer Family History	79	"I am impressed with how confirmation of cancer histories makes a differencethis should help me be more aggressive about getting accurate histories." –MD Participant
Assessing Cancer Family History; Developing Differential Diagnoses	70	"Need to reinforce my knowledge of more syndromesto determine when pedigrees with multiple cancer types may be concerning." – APN Participant
Estimating Mutation Probabilities/Empiric Cancer Risks	66	"I need to become more comfortable using different models to assess probabilities and risk." –GC Participant
Developing Personalized Risk Management Recommendations	68	"I need to learn current recommendations for risk-reducing [surgeries]. Surprised to hear they might be recommended in an older patient." –GC Participant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Frequencies based on number of times each category of open-ended response was documented on Case Conference Feedback Forms.

### LinkedIn CCGCoP Group



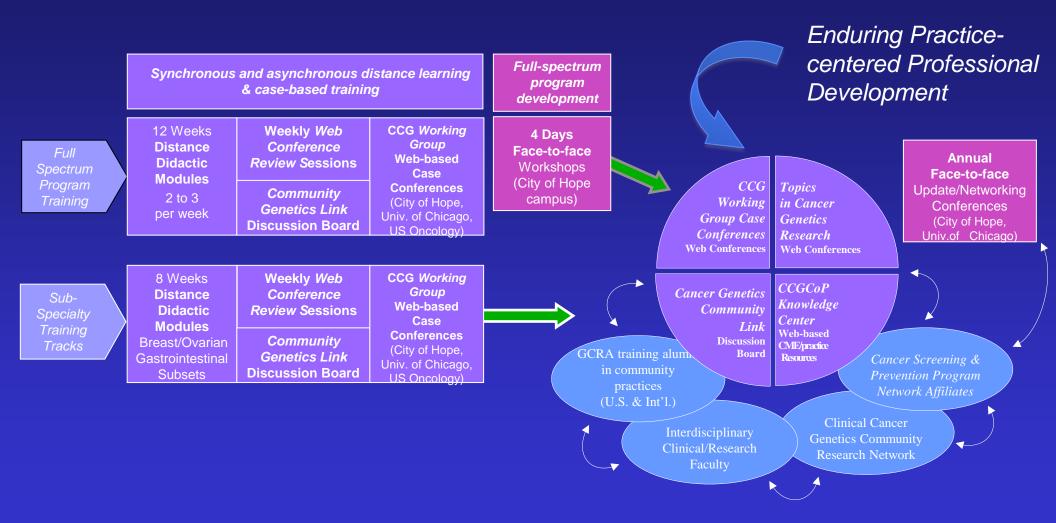
### CLINICAL CANCER GENETICS COMMUNITY OF PRACTICE



City of Hope.

City of Hope Clinical Cancer Genetics
Community of Practice brings cancer genetics
practitioners from diverse practice settings
together for professional learning, enduring
patient-centered support and dynamic
community-based research collaborations to
promote quality care and improved patient
outcomes across the U.S. and internationally.

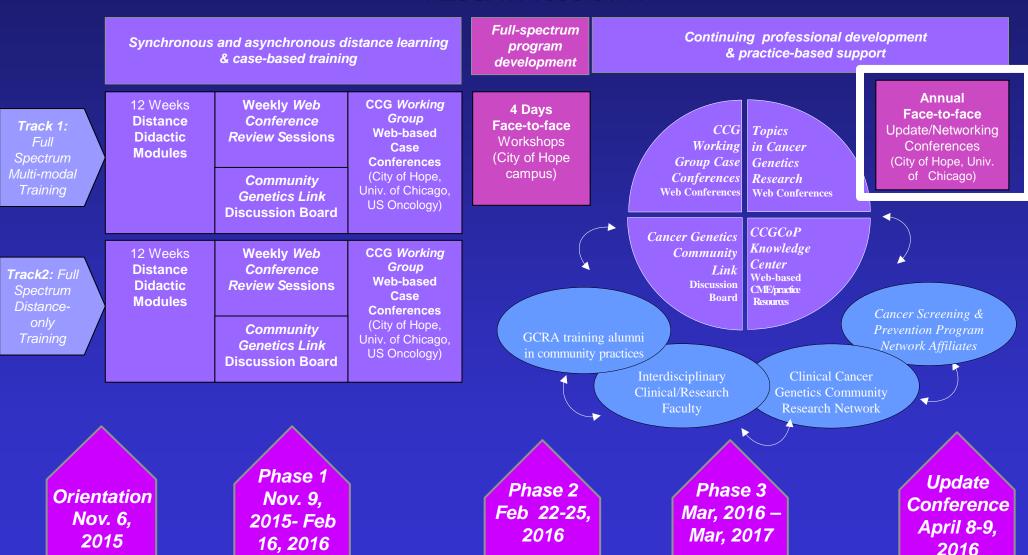
### Evolving Model for Academic Health Centermediated Communities of Practice



Supported by NCI R25-CA171998-01A1 (Co-PI's Blazer and Weitzel)



# City of Hope Clinical Cancer Genomics Community of Practice (CCGCoP) R25CA171998-01A1



MAKING SENSE OF THE SEQUENCE:

#### **GENOMICS PRIMER FOR CLINICAL** CANCER GENETIC PRACTITIONERS

April 11-12, 2014



#### Sponsored By: THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE

Section of Hematology and Oncology & The Center for Clinical Cancer Genetics In Collaboration with The City of Hope Division of Clinical Cancer Genetics

#### CONFERENCE CO-DIRECTORS

Olufunmilayo Falusi Olopade, MD, MBBS, FACP Walter L. Palmer Distinguished Service Professor Department of Medicine and Human Genetics Director, Cancer Risk Clinic The University of Chicago

Register online at: cme.uchicago.edu

#### HYATT CHICAGO MAGNIFICENT MILE 633 N St. Clair Street Chicago, IL 60611

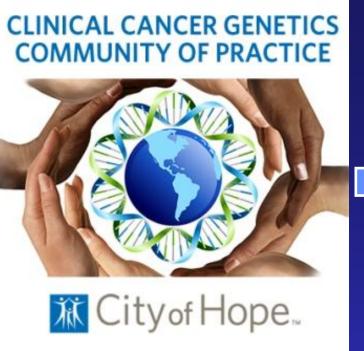
#### Sonia S. Kupfer, MD Assistant Professor of Medicine Section of Gastroenterology Department of Medicine The University of Chicago

This educational activity is funded in part by:



### **Annual Genomics Update Conferences: Opportunities to earn** collaboration from community based clinicians, while enhancing quality

Next in Chicago, April 8-9, 2016





Clinical Cancer
Genetics Community
Research Network

- Growing Cancer Epidemiology Cohort
- Represents community-based oncogenetic practices across the U.S and Latin America
- Engages community-based clinicians, including underserved outreach clinics
- Same data collection instruments and protocols used across all collaborating sites

Key ingredients for robust translational research



Safety-net County Hospitals and Underserved Community Practices (4)

- •Dekalb Medical Center, Decatur, GA
- •John H. Stroger Hospital of Cook County, Chicago, IL
- •Maricopa Medical Center, Phoenix, AZ
- •Olive View Medical Center, Sylmar, CA

#### Community-Based Regional Medical Center (27)

- •Aultman Hospital, Canton, OH
- •The Cancer Center of Paoli Hospital, Paoli, PA
- •Cancer Center of Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, CA
- •Edwards Comprehensive Cancer Center, Huntington, WV
- •Emanuel Cancer Center, Turlock, CA
- Frederick Memorial Hospital, Oncology Care Consultants, Frederick, MD
- •Good Samaritan Banner Health System, Phoenix, AZ
- •Hall-Perrine Cancer Center, Cedar Rapids, IA
- •Holy Cross Hospital Michael & Dianne Bienes Cancer Center, Fort Lauderdale, FL
- •Hunterdon Cancer Center, Flemington, NJ
- •John Muir Medical Center, Concord, CA
- •Kadlec Medical Center, Richland, WA
- •Kootenai Cancer Center, Coeur d'Alene, ID
- •Lynn Cancer Institute, Boca Raton, FL
- •ProHealth Care Regional Cancer Center, Waukesha, WI
- •Reading Hospital, West Reading, PA
- •Saddleback Memorial Medical Center, Laguna Hills, CA
- •Saint Alphonsus Regional Medical Center, Boise, ID
- •St. Charles Hospital, Bend, OR
- •St. Joseph Hospital, Orange, CA
- •St. Jude Medical Center, Fullerton, CA
- •Sutter Roseville Medical Center, Roseville, CA
- •Texas Tech University, El Paso, TX
- •UConn Health Center, Farmington, CT
- •UF Health Cancer Center Orlando Health, Orlando, FL
- •Yakima Memorial Hospital, Yakima, WA
- Yuma Regional Medical Center, Yuma, AZ

#### Latin American Settings (6)

- •Clinica del Country, Bogotá, Colombia
- •Hospital of Porto Alegre, Brazil
- INCan (Instituto Nacional de Cancerología), Mexico City, Mexico
- INEN (Instituto Nacional de Enfermedades Neoplásicas), Lima, Peru
- •University of Guadalajara, Guadalajara, Mexico
- •University of Puerto Rico, San Juan, Puerto Rico

City of Hope Comprehensive Cancer Center/Data Coordinating Center

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#### Individual/Multi-Physician Community Practices (11)

- Affinity Health System, Appleton, WI
- Agnesian Healthcare Central Wisconsin Cancer Program, Fond du Lac, WI

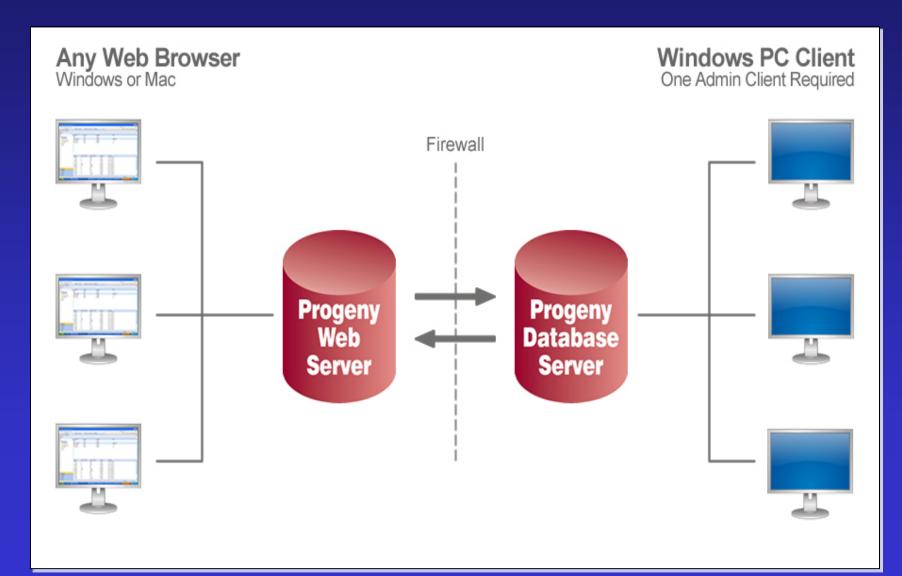
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Clinical Cancer Genetics Community Research Network

- •The Breast Institute at Northern Westchester Hospital, Mount Kisco, NY
- •The Cancer Center at Presbyterian, Albuquerque, NM
- Covenant Health, Joe Arrington Cancer Research, Lubbock, TX
- •Doctors' Hospital of Laredo, Laredo, TX
- Hematology Oncology Associates, PC, Albuquerque, NM
- •Mission Breast Center, Mission Viejo, CA
- •New Mexico Oncology Hematology Consultants, Albuquerque, NM
- •Ohio Valley Surgeons, Inc., St. Clairsville, OH
- Suburban Hospital (Johns Hopkins Medicine), Bethesda, MD



# CCGCRN informatics: High quality Pedigrees from a distributed consortium



#### **City of Hope Division of Clinical Cancer Genetics**

Center of excellence in cancer genetic/genomic risk assessment, research and education

### Cancer Screening & Prevention Program

### Epidemiology & Molecular Genetics Laboratory

### Cancer Genetics Education Program

#### Registry/CCGCRN Cohort Research Enterprise

Biospecimens, family history, Risk factor and patient follow-up data

#### **Epidemiology**

- Genotype/phenotype
- Gene/environment effects

#### **Health Outcomes**

- Survival, new primary cancers
- Effectiveness of interventions

#### **Health Services**

- Risk assessment methods
- Tech-enabled delivery
- mHealth applications

#### **Health Behaviors**

- Patient behaviors
- Family communications

#### **Health Disparities**

- Promoting access/equity
- Identifying/addressing barriers

#### Basic/Molecular

- Genomic discovery
- Functional analysis
- Tumor genomics

#### **Translational Applications**

- genomic testing platforms
- Cell free DNA cancer screening

#### **Clinical Trials**

- Prevention/Screening
- Targeted treatment

### National & International Collaborations

- Molecular Epidemiology
- Clinical Outcomes Consortia

### Intensive Course in Cancer Risk Assessment

- Practitioner-level competence for Healthcare Professionals
- Source of engagement for CCGCRN

### Clinical Cancer Genetics Community of Practice

- Procedural standardization and quality improvement
- Professional satisfaction
- CCGCRN member retention

### Patient Conferences & Public Education

- Patient support/Public awareness
- CCGCRN cohort outreach

### Multiplex Genetic Testing for Cancer Susceptibility: Out on the High Wire Without a Net?

Susan M. Domchek and Angela Bradbury, *University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA*Judy E. Garber, *Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Boston, MA*Kenneth Offit and Mark E. Robson, *Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center and Weill Cornell Medical College, New York, NY* 

# Genetic Cancer Susceptibility Testing: Increased Technology, Increased Complexity

Peter Paul Yu, Palo Alto Medical Foundation, Palo Alto, CA Julie M. Vose, The University of Nebraska Medical Center, Omaha, NE Daniel F. Hayes, The University of Michigan Comprehensive Cancer Center, Ann Arbor, MI GENETIC TESTING AND MOLECULAR BIOMARKERS Volume 19, Number 12, 2015

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Pp. 657–665

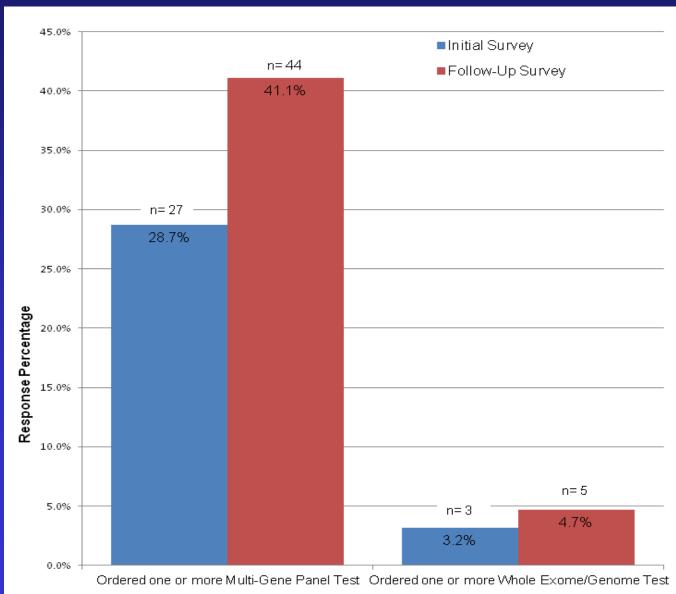
DOI: 10.1089/gtmb.2015.0061

### Next-Generation Testing for Cancer Risk: Perceptions, Experiences, and Needs Among Early Adopters in Community Healthcare Settings

Kathleen R. Blazer, Bita Nehoray, Ilana Solomon, Mariana Niell-Swiller, Julie O. Culver, Gwen C. Uman, and Jeffrey N. Weitzel

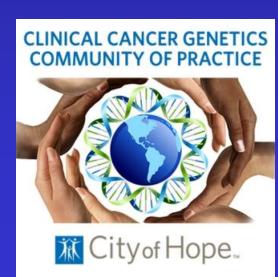
Expertise		тезинэ. Ат п певропиети
Cost to patient/Lack of insurance coverage	23	"Cancer patients are burdened with many bills and I would not want to contribute to the anxiety caused by these bills, especially when the clinical yield may be low." GC Respondent
Confusing/     Ambiguous test     results	10	"There is a greater chance that we would get ambiguous results, VUS, or a mutation that may not track with the cancer in other family members, all of which could lead to confusion." GC Respondent
*Number of times each cat	egory of resp	oonse was documented on open-ended survey prompts.

### Community clinician utilization of nextgeneration sequencing tools for GCRA

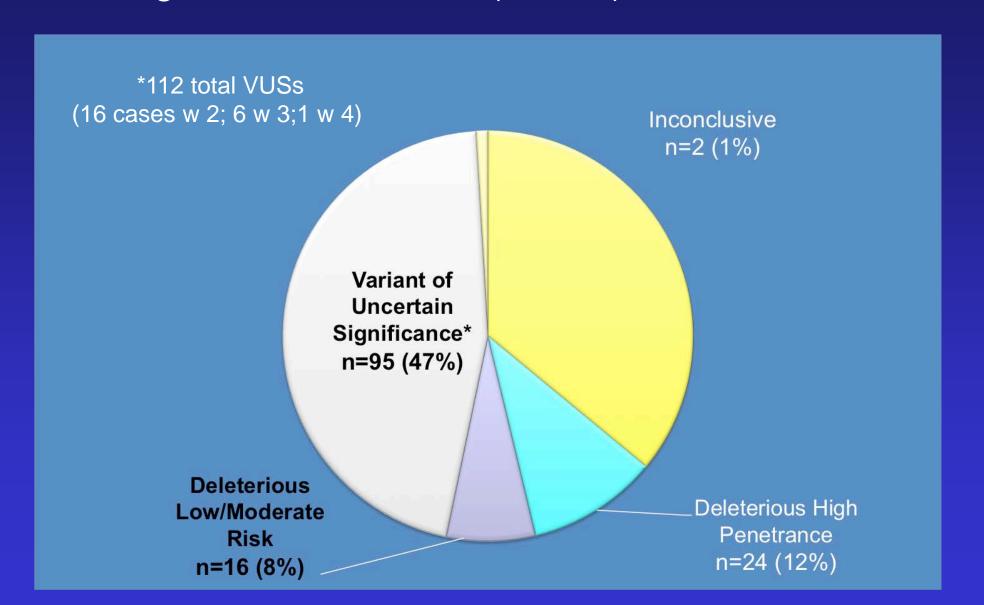


Rapidly changing landscape:
6-month interval change in use

From: Blazer, et al. ASCO 2013; Genetic Testing and Biomarkers 2015



# CCGCoP Case Conferences Multigene Panel Results (N=204) Jan 2012-2013



### Comprehensive NCCN Guidelines Version 2.2014 Cancer Network® Genetic/Familial High-Risk Assessment: Breast and Ovarian

NCCN Guidelines Index
Genetics Table of Contents
Discussion

#### MULTI-GENE TESTING

#### **GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Provider:

- Because of their complexity hereditary cancer multigene tests should be ordered in consultation with a cancer genetics professional.<sup>a</sup>
- 2. As in other genetic testing, an affected family member should be tested first, whenever possible.
- 3. Multi-gene testing may be more cost- and time-effective in certain cases than sequentially testing more than 2–3 single genes associated with a phenotype.
- 4. Since genes can be easily added or removed from multi-gene tests over time by a given lab, medical records must document which genes were included in the specific multi-gene test used for each patient, and in which labs they were performed.
- 5. Multi-gene tests vary in technical specifications (eg. depth of gene coverage, extent of intron/exon boundary analysis, methodology
- ASCO affirms that it is sufficient for cancer risk assessment to evaluate genes of established clinical utility that are suggested by the patient's personal and/or family history.
- Because of the current uncertainties and knowledge gaps, providers with particular expertise in cancer risk assessment should be involved in the ordering and interpretation of multigene panels

American Society of Clinical Oncology Policy Statement Update: Genetic and Genomic Testing for Cancer Susceptibility

Mark E. Robson, Angela R. Bradbury, Banu Arun, Susan M. Domchek, James M. Ford, Heather L. Hampel, Stephen M. Lipkin, Sapna Syngal, Dana S. Wollins, and Noralane M. Lindor

### Conclusions

 Training in genomic cancer risk assessment and counseling is important for clinical implementation of precision medicine for more effective treatment and prevention, and should be disseminated

Participating in Web-based case conferences concurrently with distance didactics:

- Generates new learning and reinforced existing knowledge in a broad spectrum of GCRA knowledge and skills domains
- Prompted participants to identify knowledge gaps, apply new knowledge and improve practice



- Participation in research registries is a critical contribution to wellness
- The remarkable advances in genomic analysis technologies should be brought to bear to enhance access globally